

Serial No. **10/811,849**
Amdt. dated December 20, 2006
Reply to Office Action of September 20, 2006

Docket No. **LT-0051**

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Original) A method for controlling CPU speed transition, comprising:
receiving a System Management Interrupt (SMI) signal;
determining whether a bus master device is in an active state when the SMI signal
is for performing CPU speed transition; and
canceling the CPU speed transition operation when the bus master device is in the
active state and generating at prescribed intervals a retry SMI signal.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1, comprising performing the CPU speed
transition operation when the bus master device is not in the active state.

3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the retry SMI signal generated at
prescribed intervals is one of a watchdog timer SMI signal and an embedded control SMI signal
to retry the CPU speed transition operation.

4. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the determining comprises:

disabling occurrences of additional watchdog timer SMI signals when the received SMI signal is the watchdog timer SMI signal to retry the CPU transition operation; and
re-determining whether the bus master device is in the active state.

5. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the determining comprises:
disabling occurrence of additional embedded controller SMI signals when the received SMI signal is an embedded controller SMI signal to retry the CPU speed transition operation; and
re-determining whether the bus master device is in the active state.

6. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the determining comprises:
performing a prescribed operation corresponding to the received SMI signal when the received SMI signal is not an SMI signal for CPU speed transition, the watchdog timer SMI signal to retry the CPU speed transition operation or the embedded controller SMI to retry the CPU speed transition operation.

7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the SMI signals are at least one of a hardware generated signal and an application program generated signal.

Amdt. dated December 20, 2006

Reply to Office Action of September 20, 2006

8. (Currently Amended) A portable computer, comprising:
 - a CPU configured to operate using at least two speeds;
 - a controller configured to perform a prescribed operation to transition between the at least two speeds of the CPU;
 - interrupt ~~occurrence~~ occurrence reason recognition means for recognizing an occurrence reason of an interrupt signal;
 - active state checking means for checking an active state of a predetermined device;
- and
 - interrupt generating means for creating a second interrupt signal to retry the prescribed operation for the CPU speed transition when the interrupt occurrence reason recognition means determines that a first interrupt signal is created for the CPU speed transition and the active state checking means determines that the predetermined device is in the active state.
9. (Original) The portable computer of claim 8, wherein the interrupt signal for the CPU speed transition is responsive to a change of CPU use amount, switching between AC adapter and battery power sources, reduction of battery lifetime, runtime setup of a user and temperature variation.

Serial No. **10/811,849**

Docket No. **LT-0051**

Amdt. dated December 20, 2006

Reply to Office Action of September 20, 2006

10. (Original) The portable computer of claim 8, wherein the interrupt generating means creates the second interrupt signal using a predetermined timer contained in the system.

11. (Original) The portable computer of claim 10, wherein the predetermined timer contained in the system is a watchdog timer or an inner timer of an embedded controller.

12. (Original) The portable computer of claim 10, wherein the second interrupt signal is created at intervals of a predetermined time determined by a system BIOS.

13. (Original) The portable computer of claim 8, wherein the predetermined device is a bus master device.

14. (Original) The portable computer of claim 8, wherein the second interrupt is repeatedly generated until the CPU transition is performed, and wherein the portable computer is a notebook computer.

15. (Original) An apparatus, comprising:

an interrupt receiver configured to receive interrupt signals; and

an interrupt generator coupled to the interrupt receiver and configured to generate a second interrupt signal to retry a prescribed operation needed for CPU speed transition when a first interrupt signal for the CPU speed transition is received and a bus master device is in an active state.

16. (Original) The apparatus of claim 15, wherein the interrupt generator creates the second interrupt signal using a predetermined timer contained in the system.

17. (Original) The apparatus of claim 16, wherein the predetermined timer contained in the system is at least one of a watchdog timer and an inner timer of an embedded controller.

18. (Original) The apparatus of claim 16, wherein the second interrupt signal is created at intervals of a predetermined time determined by a system BIOS.

19. (Original) The apparatus of claim 15, wherein the apparatus is in a notebook computer.

20. (Original) The apparatus of claim 15, wherein the interrupt signals are one of hardware interrupts and software interrupts.

Serial No. **10/811,849**
Amdt. dated December 20, 2006
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Docket No. **LT-0051**

21. (Original) An article including a machine-readable storage medium containing instructions for controlling CPU speed transition in a computer system, said instructions, when executed in the computer system, causing the computer system to:

receive an System Management Interrupt (SMI) signal;

determine whether a bus master device is in an active state when the SMI signal is a first SMI CPU speed transition signal; and

cancel the CPU speed transition operation when the bus master device is in the active state and generate at predetermined intervals an event.

22. (Original) The article of claim 21, wherein the event is a second SMI CPU speed transition signal.

23. (Original) The article of claim 22, wherein the event is one of a hardware interrupt and a software interrupt.